

# Measurement and Sensor Systems



**Camshaft Gears**



# Camshaft Gears

with break-before-make contact sets having analog or digital remote indicator systems

Camshaft Gears are mainly used for **end-point monitoring on driving-mechanisms** in crane production, e.g. hoisting winches, swing and hoisting gear.

If the length or angle to be monitored shall additionally be output as a continuous electrical signal, a **mounting arrangement** of a **remote indicating device** of the **analog** or **digital** type is optional available.

They contain in a **robust protective casing**, degree of **protection IP 65 to IP 68**, either a backlash compensated gear or a gear with reduced backlash for matching the input angle with the switching or transducer angle.

The downstream of the gear located camshaft is ready to receive cam plates, for the most part two of them, but at maximum it **can be provided with up to 10 cam plates**.

Each cam unit contains two semicircular disks, which can be adjusted against each other by means of a screwdriver via a worm drive, the switching point position encompassing a switching angle from about  $10^\circ$  up to  $350^\circ$  at maximum, and over  $360^\circ$  of the cam shaft.

Sets of break-before-make contacts are used, each comprising one normally-closed and one normally-open contact. Silver contact sets are normally used for controlling purposes in contactor and relay circuits; in control circuits for electronic semiconductor components only sets of gold contacts are used.

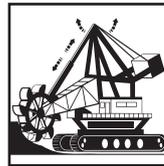
**For positional back-indication via coupling or gear, one or two angular position transmitters** can be operated on the camshaft, optionally with **analog** or **digital** output signal.

**Analog measuring signals** of **potentiometric** or **inductive angular position transmitters** are output as **current** or **voltage variation**.

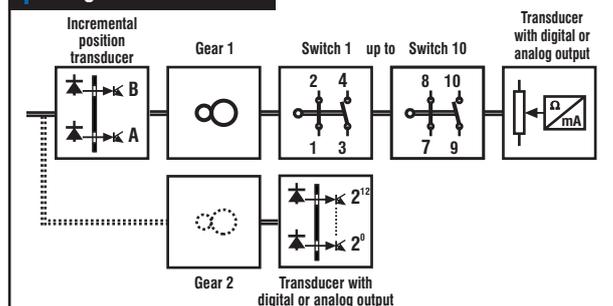
**Digital measuring signals** of **optoelectronic encoders** are output as measuring steps either **incrementally** or **absolutely coded** (Gray code), on a CAN-bus or SSI-Interface.

For more detailed information please refer to our data sheet „Angular Position Transmitters“.

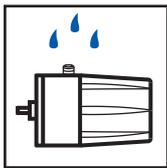
## Application range



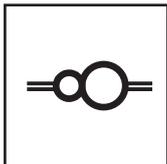
## Design varieties



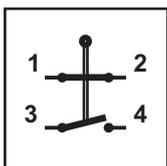
# Specifications



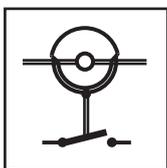
Casing data	
Casing material	cast aluminium, grey varnished RAL 7032
Degree of protection	IP 65, IP 68 on request
Electrical connection	Cable gland with internal terminal block or plug-type connection on request
Driving shaft	stainless steel
Shaft bearing	two ball bearings
Gearwheels	brass, ball bearings
Temperature range	-30°C up to +70°C



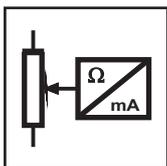
Gear data	
Gear 1 (basic gear)	reduced backlash 1:1 to 1296:1
Ratio	backlash compensated 1:1 to 216:1 (spring gearwheels) backlash compensated speed increasing ratio 1:1 to 1:10
Gear 2 (supplementary gear)	on request



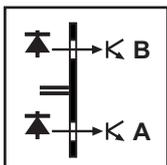
Switch data		
<b>Cam switch</b>	1 normally-closed and 1 normally-open contact, each with break-before-make contact (max. 10 switches per unit)	
Switching hysteresis	approx. 5°	
Switching angle	max. 350°	
<b>Contact material</b>	<b>hard silver</b>	<b>gold</b>
Switching voltage	max. 380 VAC, 34 VDC max.	24 VDC, min. 6 V
Switching current	max. 10 A, 3 A	max. 250 mA, min. 1 mA



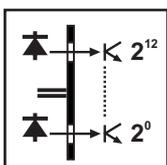
Cam plates	Angular ranges of semi-circular disks
Switching angle and switching point position adjustable via a worm drive by means of a screwdriver	



Transmitter data			
<b>Potentiometric transmitter</b>	<b>Potentiometric transmitter with signal converter for current or voltage signals</b>		
Resistor output	1, 2 or 5 k $\Omega$	Current signals	0/4 - 20 mA, $R_L \leq 600\Omega$
Linearity	$\pm 0,2\%$	Voltage signals	0/2 - 10 V, $R_L \geq 500\Omega$
		Supply	18 - 33 VDC



Incremental position transducer*	
Pulses per revolution	160° / 360°
Pulse frequency	max. 5 kHz
Pulse output	A- and B-track
pnp or npn transistor output	max. 10 mA short circuit proof



Absolute coded transmitter	
Scan code	Gray code
Resolution	14 bit
Signal output	Gray code, parallel pnp-transistor output, CAN- or SSI-interface or digital to analog converter, available also with a 4 - 20 mA signal with 12 bit resolution. For more detailed information please refer to data sheet "Angular Position Transmitters".

\* Incremental position transducers are for the most part directly coupled to the drive shaft, because these transmitters are used on hoisting winches for outputting the measuring signal, which is proportional to the rope length.

# Models

**GS 120**

Technical drawing of the GS 120 model. The main view shows a cylindrical component with a diameter of  $\varnothing 160 \pm 0.5$  mm and an inner diameter of  $\varnothing 120$  h6. A central feature has a diameter of  $\varnothing 10$  h6. The total length is L, with a 54 mm offset on the left and a 7 mm offset at the bottom. A detail view 'Z' shows a cross-section with a diameter of  $\varnothing 40$  h9 and a central hole of  $\varnothing 10$  h6. The detail shows a 4<sup>PG</sup> x 2.4 deep hole and an M4x12 thread. The bottom view shows a circular flange with a diameter of  $\varnothing 145$  mm and a thickness of 10 mm. It features three 120° segments and two M20x1.5 ports. The flange has a 104 mm diameter hole and a 3x120° arc. The bottom view also shows an M6:12 deep hole and a 25° angle. The flange is labeled 'No flange' and 'Flanged type'.

Detail Z

M4x12 4<sup>PG</sup> x 2.4 deep

10 21

M6:12 deep 25° 104 3x120°  $\varnothing 145/3x120^\circ$

No flange Flanged type

Casing length depends on equipment configuration (dimension L) GS 120 min 150 mm...280 mm

**GS 160**

Technical drawing of the GS 160 model. The main view shows a cylindrical component with a diameter of  $\varnothing 160$  mm. The top section has a diameter of  $\varnothing 38$  h6 and a central hole of  $\varnothing 12$  with a tolerance of  $-0.006$  to  $-0.014$ . The total length is L, with a 15 mm offset at the top and a 45 mm offset at the bottom. A detail view 'Z' shows a cross-section with a diameter of  $\varnothing 38$  h6 and a central hole of  $\varnothing 12$  with a tolerance of  $-0.006$  to  $-0.014$ . The detail shows a 4<sup>PG</sup> x 2.4 deep hole and an M4x12 thread. The bottom view shows a circular flange with a diameter of  $\varnothing 160$  mm and a thickness of 10 mm. It features two M20x1.5 ports and an M8:12 deep hole. The flange has a 100 mm diameter hole and a 30° angle. The bottom view also shows an M8:12 deep hole and a 30° angle. The flange is labeled 'M8:12 deep' and 'M20x1.5'.

Detail Z

4<sup>PG</sup> x 2.4 deep

10 5 10 15 45

M8:12 deep 100 30° M20x1.5

Casing length depends on equipment configuration GS 160 min 170 mm...290 mm

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